

**EG on Alcohol and Substance Abuse (ASA EG)
Eighth working Meeting
Murmansk, Russia
3-4 April, 2014**

Reference	ASA 8/10/Info 2
Title	WHO Global targets
Submitted by	ITA in Coordination with the Chair of the ASA EG and HIV/ADIS & AI EG
Summary / Note	The World Health Assembly endorsed the WHO Global Action Plan for the Prevention and Control of NCDs 2013-2020 in May 2013. The Global Action Plan provides Member States, international partners and WHO with a road map and menu of policy options which, when implemented collectively between 2013 and 2020, will contribute to progress on 9 global NCD targets to be attained in 2025. WHO's global monitoring framework on NCDs will start tracking implementation of the Global Action Plan through monitoring and reporting on the attainment of the 9 global targets for NCDs, by 2015, against a baseline in 2010. Those targets and indicators needs to be taken into consideration, while developing a possible inputs of the ASA EG, to the new strategy of the NDPHS
Requested action	For discussion and advise

WHO "Global monitoring framework on NCDs" tracks implementation of the "NCD global action plan" through monitoring and reporting on the attainment of the 9 global targets for NCDs, by 2015, against a baseline in 2010.

Accordingly, governments are urged to (i) set national NCD targets for 2025 based on national circumstances; (ii) develop multisectoral national NCD plans to reduce exposure to risk factors and enable health systems to respond in order to reach these national targets in 2025; and (iii) measure results, taking into account the Global Action Plan.

Definition of targets

Target 1

A 25% relative reduction in risk of premature mortality from CVDs, cancer, diabetes, chronic respiratory diseases

Target 2

At least 10% relative reduction in the harmful use of alcohol, as appropriate, within the national context

Target 3

A 10% relative reduction in prevalence of insufficient physical activity

Target 4

A 30% relative reduction in mean population intake of salt/sodium

Target 5

A 30% relative reduction in prevalence of current tobacco use in persons aged 15+ years

Target 6

A 25% relative reduction in the prevalence of raised blood pressure or contain the prevalence of raised blood pressure, according to national circumstances

Target 7

Halt the rise in diabetes and obesity

Target 8

At least 50% of eligible people receive drug therapy and counselling (including glycaemic control) to prevent heart attacks and strokes

Target 9

An 80% availability of the affordable basic technologies and essential medicines, including generics, required to treat major NCDs in both public and private facilities